MARYLAND INVENTORY OF Maryland Historical Trust HISTORIC PROPERTIES State Historic Sites Inventory Form

Survey No. B-4385
Magi No.

DOE __yes __no

1. Name	(indicate pref	erred name)		
historic	207 West Sa	ratoga Street	1 jamec	Resource C
and/or common	Etta's Beau	uty Salon (1st	floor) Dr. Alle	n Eisner
2. Locat		a part of a	story building i	This section
street & number	207 W. Sara	atoga Street	it frontage of 16	not for publication
city, town	Baltimore	vicinity of	congressional district Se	eventh
state	Maryland	county	Baltimore	of four she
3. Class	fication	Tecessed on	les in towards e	fourth and
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6. Repre	sentation i	n Existing	Historical Surve	ys
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7. Description

Condition		Check one	Check one		
× excellent × good fair	deteriorated ruins unexposed	unaltered altered	original site moved date	of move	5 32 8 F. A.

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

Resource Count: 1

This circa 1875 shed-roofed commercial building faces north on W. Saratoga Street and abuts two partywall buildings. The three-bay, three-story building is part of a brick commercial block. This section, defined by seams in the brick work and fenestration, has a street frontage of 16'1 and a depth of 100'. The brick is painted blue.

The first story has been altered into a glass curtain wall. To the east is a solid panel door leading to the alley inlet between the buildings. This is followed by a large display window of four sheets of plate glass held by vertical metal mutins. The first three plates are flush with the plane of the facade; the fourth angles in towards a recessed entrance. The recessed entrance has a vestibule with a white marble sill and green and white hexagonal tiles. The vestibule contains two doors. The angled door to the east is the first-story entrance. The door to the south is the entrance to the upper stories. Elements of the 19th-century facade remain. A double wood cornice stretches across the first story. A sign board runs between the two frames. Woodframed transoms with molding run under the cornice.

The second story contains a central tripartite window. Narrow sidelights flank a double-width central plate. The sidelights have hinged transoms; the central plate runs the full height of the sidelights plus transom. The window is set in simple wood surrounds with simple raised trim molding for lintel and sill.

The third story has three 6/6 sash windows with wood sills and brick splayed jack arches.

Scrolled brackets with jig-sawn ornaments on the projecting arms support the projecting cornice that has a profile of fillet, ogee, bead, and back band. Below the cornice runs a row of raised molding in a foliated pattern. Below the molding runs a scalloped, jig-sawn back band. This cornice and entablature have giant brackets at the each end. The brackets are grooved and dotted with beads. A raised stringcourse runs below the foot of the giant bracket, which also has a foliated drop pendant.

The interior of the first story is finished with wallboard and an acoustical tile ceiling. The stair hall interior is embellished panelling. The stair rises straight back along the west wall. The second story landing projects perpendicular from the stair, which continues on up along the west wall to the third story.

Period — prehistoric — 1400–1499 — 1500–1599 — 1600–1699 — 1700–1799 — X 1800–1899 X 1900–		Areas of Significance—C — archeology-prehistoric — archeology-historic — architecture — art — commerce — communications		toric ic	Check and justify below			ng	landscape architectur law literature military music			re religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify
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8. Significance

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

Level of Significance: national state X local

This three-bay, three-story building is a good example of speculative commercial block construction along Saratoga Street during the third quarter of the nineteenth century. It is part of a series of partywall structures with similar cornices and massing, but thr units are separated by a brick seam indicating separate stages of construction, and have separate entrances and separate alterations to the buildings.

The building's style and massing are representative of the late nineteenth-century rowhouses and partywall structures on the block. A few elements of Victorian fashion are still visible. The first story has been altered, but the nineteenth-century stringcourse-cornice remains in place. The first-story cornice was a common feature to commercial buildings in the nineteenth century and often served to demarcate the commercial from the residential zones by carrying the store's sign. The marble facing is quite unusual along the foundation.

The presence of a mixed residential-commercial buildings indicates the mixed character of this Baltimore neighborhood in the nineteenth century. Architectural historian Richard Longstreth writes that "Shop-houses prevailed in emerging commercial centers of cities and towns alike through the early decades of the 19th Examples can still be seen in areas that have not century. experienced radical change, even though the shopfronts themselves have almost always been altered. . . the upper section retaining a domestic character." This building, however, shows a new experimental aesthetic and planning device at work. Longstreth continues, "the gradual abandonment of the shop-house as the dominant form of commercial architecture was due to the everincreasing demands for trade and professional services along with a corresponding increase in land values, all of which fostered the design of buildings used entirely for commercial purposes."2

¹ Longstreth, Buildings of Main Street, p. 24.

² Longstreth, <u>The Buildings of Main Street</u>, pp. 24,29.

9. Major Bibliographical References

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Richard Longstreth, The Buildings of Main Street (Washington: Preservation Press, 1987).

10. Ge	ographical D	ata					
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The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to:

Maryland Historical Trust Shaw House 21 State Circle

Annapolis, Maryland 21401

(301) 269-2438

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST
DHCP/DHCE
100 COMMUNITY PLACE
CROWNSVILLE, MD 21032-2023
301-514-7600

B-4385 207 West Saratoga Street Baltimore, MD Section 8 Signficance 8.1

In this case, the commercial solution was to retain the basic shop-house form but create a commercial second-story reading. tripartite window in the second story, complete with its row of transoms, millwork lintel and corner brackets, is an early Victorian experiment in commercial architecture. The large expanse of framed plate glass and row of transoms invoked the nineteenthcentury street-level shopfront and could be used as display windows for the second-story merchant's wares. While the overall shell of the building retains the previous nineteenth-century shop-house form, the tripartite window shows an attempt to make a commercial statement from a residential building type. Before there was a clear definition of a commercial building type there was this early, experimental form. The presence of two entrances indicates that the building was constructed to hold more than one tenant, another sign that the old shop-house idea had passed. The third story, however, could have still been used as dwelling quarters.

Architecturally, this building reveals Italianate details. The cornice (which it shares with its row neighbor) are typical of the period. The cornice's modestly overhanging eaves are supported by small modillion brackets and bay-defining scrolled brackets and a scalloped barge board below, a common way of

decoratively capping the top of a building.

COMPREHENSIVE PLAN DATA

HISTORIC CONTEXT:

Geographic Organization: Piedmont

Chronological/Developmental Period:

Industrial/Urban Dominance, 1870-1930 Modern Period, 1930-present, alterations

Historic Period Themes:
Architecture
Economics

Resource Type:
Building

Historic Environment: Urban

Historic Function and Use:

Commercial

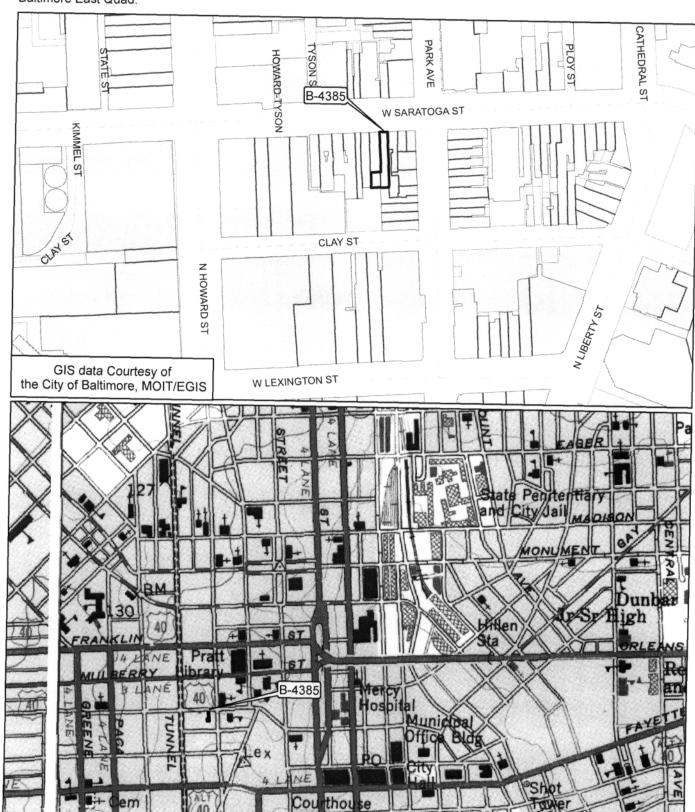
Known Design Source: None

CKED BY

IT IS COMPILED FROM TITLE AND OTHER SOURCES AND IS NOT AN AUTHENTIC SURVEY.

DATE NOV.1966 SCALE 1"-50"

B-4385 Etta's Beauty Salon/Dr. Allen Eisner 207 W. Saratoga Street Block 0597, Lot 019 Baltimore City Baltimore East Quad.





B-4385 207 W. Saratoga St. Baltimore Mo Diane Shaw 8191 may and SHPO Facade, north elevah an 1//